







SOUTHWEST REHABILITATION

Upcoming Events:

Individual Summer Sessions

Arrival of New therapists this July

Did you know...

2 million people in the US have aphasia and have lost all or some of their ability to use words.

#aphasia awareness



June is National Aphasia **Awareness Month!**

What is aphasia? Aphasia is an impairment of language affecting the someone with ability to produce, understand, read and/or write. Aphasia can be caused by brain injury, but mild, we have the most often by stroke.

Why would a stroke affect diagnose the type of your language?

Strokes (aka brain attacks) your doctor, and stop blood flow to the brain. When that occurs, access to that area of brain is damaged. In the left hemisphere of the brain, the language centers reside. A stroke stops the oxygen to the left temporal centers, resulting in aphasia.

Can a speech pathologist help aphasia?

Yes! Whether the stroke was severe or tools to support you or your loved one. We aphasia, work with come up with the best treatment plan to improve language skills.

Want to learn more?

Come join our stroke club! Or check out the National Aphasia Association

Signs and Symptoms of stroke, think F.A.S.T:

Facial drooping

Arm weakness

Speech difficulty

Time to call 911

If you notice any of these signs, call 911 immediately!



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KIGNT Brain or Left Brain?

Individuals may experience different deficits based on the location of the stroke. Not everyone who has a stroke has aphasia. Here is an overview of areas that can be affected, based on where the stroke occurs in your brain.

Expressive Aphasia: trouble producing languageSpatial and perception changesReceptive Aphasia: trouble understanding othersPoor planning, judgment, attention, memoryRight-sided weakness or loss of sensationLeft-sided weakness or loss of sensationRight visual field deficitsLeft visual field deficits	LEFT Hemisphere		RIGHT Hemisphere
understanding others Right-sided weakness or loss of sensation Right visual field deficits	• •		
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Left visual field deficits	5		
May be uppaying of deficits	Right visual field deficits		Left visual field deficits
May be aware of deficits impaired safety awareness	May be aware of deficits		May be unaware of deficits, impaired safety awareness